# Results of 5-km resolution dynamical downscaling from MRI-JMA AGCM output for the TCCIP project

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# Outline

- Model and data
- Evaluation of circulation
- Evaluation of seasonal precipitation
- Changes in seasonal precipitation
- Summary

### **RCM for dynamical downscaling: WRF**



Downscaling using WRF model Driven by 20 km MRI/JMA AGCM dom1:  $\Delta x=5$ km 380x400 grids 36 vertical layers 20-layer buffer zone

#### WRF model simulation

 5 km downscaling for climate projections of: Present day (1979-2003), Near future (2015-2039), End of century (2075-2099)

#### **Physical Option**

- Noah land surface module
- □ YSU Boundary scheme
- Monin-Obukhov surface layer scheme

CAM3 radiation scheme
WSM 5-class microphysics
KF cumulus scheme

- ❑ Spectral nudging is applied to U, V, Φ and T to prevent climate drift. However, nudging is not applied to PBL.
- A1B scenario is considered
- □ Taiwan land use are replaced with CTCI-MODIS-USGS data set

## Land use & Terrain of Taiwan



Complicated terrain and land use allows dynamical downscaling to add detailed information

# Data for validation

- NCEP CFSR 1979-2003
- TCCIP gridded data set
  - Monthly T. & Preci.,  $\Delta x=1 \& 5 \text{ km}$ , 1979-2003
  - Stations of CWB, WRA, Taipower Co.....
- CWB rain gauges (~400s)
  Hourly, ∆x=1.3 km, 1992-2010
- TRMM estimated preci. 1998-2010
- JMA best track

#### 850 hPa



1440 1450 1460 1470 1480 1490 1500 1510 1520 1530 1540

#### 850 hPa



#### 850 hPa



1440 1450 1460 1470 1480 1490 1500 1510 1520 1530 1540

#### 1979-2003 NCEP CFSR (black) and WRF(red dashed lines)

Annual cycle of area-averaged geopotential height on 1000, 850, 500, and 200 hPa pressure levels.





- Change is smaller in cold season than in warm season
- Change does not guarantee smaller rmse



- Difference is larger for vapor & 1000 hPa (no nudging is allpied)
- Difference is smaller in cold season than in warm warm season

## Seasonal Mean Precipitation



## Wet Day (Daily Precipitation > 1mm/day) --- Present



119°30'E 120°E 120°30'E 121°E 121°30'E 122°E 19°30'E 120°E 120°30'E 121°E 121°30'E 122°E 119°30'E 120°E 120°30'E 121°E 121°30'E 122°E

## **SDII** (Precipitation/wet day) --- Present



Ø

119"30'E 120"E 120"30'E 121"E 121"30'E 122"E

22"N

119'30'E 120'E 120'30'E 121'E 121'30'E 122'I

22"N

22"N

119'50'E 120'E 120'50'E 121"E 121"50'E 122"E

22"N

119/30/E 120/E 120/30/E 121/E 121/30/E 122/E

9

119'30'E 120'E 120'30'E 121'E 121'30'E 122'E

22"N

### Daily Precipitatin > 50mm --- Present



## Monthly mean precipitation (mm/day)





### Not much time is influenced by typhoons in simulation

Total hours of Tropical Cyclone's life span during 1979-2003 Percentage in brackets : the ratio of the life span to the life span of all TCs

| Strength                 |             | Category 0 and<br>above               | Category 1 and above                 | Category 3 and<br>above      |
|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| West<br>North<br>Pacific | Observation | 84393 (100%)                          | 32958 (39.1%)                        | 3441 (4.1%)                  |
|                          | MRI         | 57782 (100%)                          | 29878 (51.8%)                        | 14561 ( <mark>25.2%</mark> ) |
| Affecting<br>Taiwan      | Observation | 16812 (100%)                          | 6033 (35.9%)                         | 612 (3.6%)                   |
|                          | MRI         | 2725 (100%)                           | 1526 (56.0%)                         | 580 ( <mark>21.3%</mark> )   |
|                          |             | $\frac{2725}{16012} \sim \frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{1526}{6022} \sim \frac{1}{4}$ |                              |
|                          |             | 16812 6                               | 6033 4                               |                              |

In term of life span

- There are too many strong tropical cyclones in simulation
- There are too few tropical cyclones affecting Taiwan in simulation



Weaker circulation, eastward-shifted circulation in June

115°E

120°E

125°E

130°E

135°E 140°E

10 → Reference Vector 115°E

120°E

125°E

130°E

135°E 140°

115°E

120°E

125°E

130°E

135°E

140°E

115°E

120°E

125°E

130°E

135°E 140°

10 Reference Vector

# Preci. of different types in Taiwan and the change rates in the future (Unit : mm and %)

|                                 | Present day<br>(mm) | Near future (%) | End of 21<br>century (%) |  |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--|
| Typhoon                         | 342.7               | -10.86          | 2.76                     |  |
| Spring                          | 364.4               | 0.73            | 15.47                    |  |
| Meiyu                           | 396.9               | -2.92           | 11.22                    |  |
| Summer time<br>afternoon shower | 332.1               | -2.44           | -4.72                    |  |
| Summer time<br>others           | er time 190.4       |                 | 9.06                     |  |
| Autumn                          | 410.4               | -4.34           | 6.06                     |  |
| Winter                          | 196.5               | 2.54            | 9.64                     |  |
| Total                           | 2173.6              | -2.22           | 5.29                     |  |

### **Changes in annual precipitation (%)**



(%)



Trends in MRI & WRF are similar overall with small difference

#### **Precipitation Change**

#### End of Century - Present Day (mm/day)



#### **Precipitation Change Rate (%)**



119'90'E UPE 109'90'E 101'E 101'90'E 107'

22\*30 W

119730'E 1207E 120730'E 1217E 121720'E

22730 N

HARDE HARE HERE HARE HARE HARE

100ml

(%)

27°M W

200

1000

10%

HINTON'E KANTE KANTON'E KANTE KANTON'E KANT

20'00 N

11873078 10078 10079078 10178 10778078 10278

| mean preci. in present day (mm/day) |                    |                    |                      |                    |                    |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
|                                     | Spring             | Meiyu              | Summer               | Autumn             | Winter             |  |  |  |
| North                               | <b>10.2% /</b> 5.7 | -1.0% / 6.3        | - <b>6.9% /</b> 10.6 | -0.9% / 6.4        | 7.4% / 5.1         |  |  |  |
| Central                             | <b>18.6% /</b> 4.1 | <b>13.9% /</b> 6.5 | 6.8% / 9.9           | 6.4% / 3.3         | <b>10.6 %/</b> 1.7 |  |  |  |
| South                               | <b>14.0% /</b> 2.9 | <b>31.8%</b> / 6.9 | 0.9% / 11.6          | 6.0% / 3.7         | 6.9% / 1.3         |  |  |  |
| East                                | <b>9.9% /</b> 4.3  | -1.8% / 8.3        | 1.9% / 10.6          | <b>-5.3%</b> / 9.9 | <b>12.0% /</b> 4.8 |  |  |  |
| Taiwan                              | <b>13.2% /</b> 4.1 | <b>9.8% /</b> 7.0  | 1.2% / 10.4          | -1.0% / 5.8        | <b>9.9%</b> / 3.2  |  |  |  |

Change rates of preci. in the end of 21<sup>st</sup> century

Decreases : in autumn for east TW and in summer for north TW Increase : in spring and winter

## Summary

- Dynamical downscaling from 20km to 5 km are performed for 3 time-slices, 25 years each.
- Before and after downscaling Circulation does not change, larger differences in vapor and 1000 hPa.
- For precipitation in Taiwan, the spatial distribution is improved and the annual cycle is better presented. However, preci. in warm seasons is not well simulated .
- Trends of seasonal precipitation in most areas are similar in MRI and WRF.
- To the end of 21<sup>st</sup> century, annual precipitation decreases by ~10% in north Taiwan and increases by 10~30% in central and south Taiwan. However, the cause (mainly preci. of typhoon and Meiyu) of uncertainty need to be examined.

## Thank you for your attention!